Amendments to the Claims:

The following claims will replace all prior versions of the claims in this application (in the unlikely event that no claims follow herein, the previously pending claims will remain):

1. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A^{"}_{n} \\ B^{"}_{m} \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and q $+ r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; $-CO_2Z'$; $-CO_2R'''$; $-NH_2$; -NHR'''; $-NR_2'''$; -OH; -OR'''; $-CONR_2''''$; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

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R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R'' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - $NH_$

R"' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or -(CH₂)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;</u></u>

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 "" represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n & A''_n$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; $-CO_2Z'$; $-CO_2R'''$; $-NH_2$; -NHR'''; $-NH_2'''$; -OH; -OR'''; $-CONR_2'''$; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - NH_2 "; - NH_2 "; - OH_2 ; - OH_2 ;

R"' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or</u> -(CH₂)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents anyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 "" represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

3. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

or

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and q $+ r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double

bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''';

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R'' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - $NH_$

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents anyl;</u>

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 " represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl; -CO₂Z'; -CO₂R'''; -NH₂; -NHR'''; -NR₂'''; -OH; -OR''';

halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R''' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or</u> - $(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_2 0 alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

5. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A^{"}_{n} & X^{"}_{n} \\ B^{"}_{m} & A^{"}_{n} \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -NH

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R'' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - $NH_$

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or</u> -(CH_2)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''';

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R''' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or – $(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; optionally substituted, linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

- 7. (Original) The compound of claim 1 that is 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxothiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylic acid.
- 8. (Original) The compound of claim 1 that is 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylamide.
- 9. (Original) The compound of claim 1 that is 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-N,N-dimethyl-acrylamide.
- 10. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ \end{bmatrix} X$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z

configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the Ror S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2''' ; - NH_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; -OH; -OR'''; - ONR_2''' ; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or $(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents anyl;</u></u>

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 "" represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; <u>optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C₄-C₂₀ alkyl</u>; <u>or optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl</u>;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR"", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A^{"}_{n} \\ B^{"}_{m} \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z

configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration:

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2''' ; - NH_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; - ONR_2''' ; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R"' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or</u> -(CH_2)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkoxyl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 "" represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; <u>optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C₄-C₂₀ alkyl</u>; or optionally substituted, <u>linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl</u>;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR"", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

or

$$A_p$$
 C
 R'
 B_s

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 ''''

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''''; - NH_2 ''''''; - NH_2 ''''''; - NH_2 '''''''; - NH_2 '''''''; -NH

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z '; - CO_2R "; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - $NH_$

R" independently represents a linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; <u>or linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl; or -(CH₂)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;</u>

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> optionally substituted C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; optionally substituted C_2 - C_{20} alkeryl; optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl; or NR_2 "" represents a cyclic moiety;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; <u>optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C₄-C₂₀ alkyl</u>; <u>or optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl</u>;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m \leq 4 and q + r \leq 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that p + s \leq 5; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NR_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z '; - CO_2R "; - NH_2 ; -NHR"; - NR_2 "; -OH; -OR"; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or</u> linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or</u> -(CH₂)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀

alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; <u>or</u> aralkanoyl; <u>nitro</u>; <u>optionally substituted</u>, <u>linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl</u>; or optionally substituted, <u>linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl</u>;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NR_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NR_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; or –(CH₂)_x-Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents aryl;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ A''_n$$

wherein Z is

$$\begin{array}{c} A_p \\ B_s \\ \end{array}$$
 or
$$\begin{array}{c} B'_r \\ \end{array}$$

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 '''

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z '; - CO_2R '''; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''''; - NH_2 ''''''; - NH_2 ''''''; - NH_2 '''''''''; - NH_2 '''''''''''

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; <u>or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; <u>or $-(CH_2)_x$ -Ar, where x represents an integer from 1 to 6 and Ar represents anyl;</u></u>

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl; nitro; optionally substituted, linear or branched C_4 - C_{20} alkyl; or optionally substituted, linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} -alkenyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 16. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said compound represented by formula I is 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxothiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylic acid.
- 17. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said compound represented by formula I is 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5-ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-acrylamide.

- 18. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said compound represented by formula I is 3-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-{4-[4-(2,4-dioxo-thiazolidin-5ylmethyl)-phenoxy]-phenyl}-N,N-dimethyl-acrylamide.
- 19. (New) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; $-CO_2Z'$; $-CO_2R'''$; $-NH_2$; -NHR'''; $-NH_2'''$; -OH; -OR'''; $-CONR_2''''$; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R'' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -NH

R"' independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C2-C20 alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

20. (New) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \end{bmatrix} X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B"

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and q $+ r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; $-CO_2Z'$; $-CO_2R'''$; $-NH_2$; -NHR'''; $-NR_2'''$; -OH; -OR'''; $-CONR_2''''$; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -NH

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C2-C20 alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

21. (New) A compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n & X' \\ B''_m & A''_n \\ R'' & A''_n \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

wherein Z is

or

$$A_p$$
 C
 R'
 B_s

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that $n + m \le 4$ and q $+ r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R- or S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 '''; - NH_2 ''''; - NH_2 '''

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; -N

R" independently represents a linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; or linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-.

22. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:

a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \end{bmatrix} X$$

$$R''$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the R-or S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2''' ; - NH_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; - ONR_2''' ; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; -NHR'''; - NR_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; or linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 23. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein Z is

H; A"; or B";

n, m, q and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n $+ m \le 4$ and $q + r \le 4$; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a and b represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z

configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the Ror S- configuration;

R and R' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z' ; - CO_2R''' ; - NH_2 ; - NH_2''' ; - NH_2''' ; -OH; -OR'''; - $CONR_2'''$; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl; - CO_2Z '; - CO_2R "; - NH_2 ; - NH_2 "; - $NH_$

R" independently represents a linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; or linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy;

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, and A' each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

A" independently represent a hydrogen atom; C_1 - C_{20} acylamino; C_1 - C_{20} acyloxy; C_1 - C_{20} alkanoyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkoxycarbonyl; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; C_1 - C_{20} alkylamino; carboxyl; cyano; or halo;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C₂-C₂₀ alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR", -O-, or -S-; and

- b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 24. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a) a compound represented by the following formula 1:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} A''_n \\ B''_m \\ R'' \end{bmatrix} X$$

wherein Z is

$$A_p$$
 C
 R
 B_s

n, m, g and r independently represent integers from zero to 4 provided that n + m \leq 4 and q + r \leq 4; p and s independently represent integers from zero to 5 provided that $p + s \le 5$; a, b and c represent double bonds which may be present or absent; when present, the double bonds may be in the E or Z configuration and, when absent, the resulting stereocenters may have the Ror S- configuration;

R independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C2-C20 alkenyl; -CO2Z'; -CO2R"; -NH2; -NHR"; -NR2"; -OH; -OR""; -CONR2""; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_1 - C_{20} alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl;

R' independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C2-C20 alkenyl; -CO2Z'; -CO2R"; -NH2; -NHR"; -NR2"; -OR"; -CONR2"; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R" independently represents a hydrogen atom; linear or branched C₁-C₂₀ alkyl; linear or branched C2-C20 alkenyl; -CO2Z'; -CO2R"; -NH2; -NHR"; -NR2"; -OH; -OR"; halogen atom; optionally substituted linear or branched C_I-C₂₀ alkyl; optionally substituted linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R" independently represents a linear or branched C_I-C₂₀ alkyl; or linear or branched C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl;

R"" independently represents a hydrogen atom; methyl; or methoxy

Z' represents a hydrogen atom or a pharmaceutically acceptable counter-ion;

A, A' and A" each independently represent a hydrogen atom; C₁-C₂₀ acylamino; C₁-C₂₀ acyloxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkanoyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxycarbonyl; C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy; C₁-C₂₀ alkylamino; C₁-C₂₀ alkylcarboxylamino; carboxyl; cyano; halo; or hydroxy;

B, B' and B" each independently represent; C_2 - C_{20} alkenoyl; aroyl; or aralkanoyl;

or A and B jointly, A' and B' jointly, or A" and B" jointly, independently represent a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy group; and

X and X' independently represent >NH, >NR"", -O-, or -S-; and

b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.